## Selected Individual Responses: Nar\_M4\_2013

Interview carried out on 10 June, 10 am Nar VDC ward no 8, Manang, Nepal Audio recording with Marantz PMD660 and Audio-Technica omnidirectional stereo handheld microphone

## **General and Personal Information**

- 1. What is your name? Ngima Ongdi Lama.
- 2. What is your age? 66
- 3. What is your mother-tongue? Nar
- From what clan are you? Penchung lama – clan, Lama – caste.
- 5. What languages do you speak now in your regularly daily life? Mostly Nar, some Nepali.
- 6. Where were you born and how long did you live there? Nar VDC.
- 7. Do you live in Kathmandu all year through? Visits Kathmandu infrequently.
- 8. Does your whole immediate family live in Kathmandu? Daughters live in Kathmandu.
- 9. How frequently do you return to your village?
- 10. How long do you stay in village?
- 11. How often do you travel outside of your village?
- 12. Where do you typically go to, or for what purpose?
- 13. Which months do you travel in, usually?

- 14. Are your parents living now? Not living.
- 15. Where are your parents from? Are their mother-tongue languages the same as yours? If not, what are their mother-tongue languages? Father from Nar, mother from Phu.
- 16. Do you have siblings? Are you the eldest, or the youngest, or are you in the middle? 3 siblings. He is the middle child.
- 17. When you were a child, what languages did you speak with your siblings? Nar
- 18. When you were a child, what languages did you speak with your friends? Nar.
- 19. Are you married, and do you have children? Married. 3 daughters.
- 20. What languages do you speak with your spouse? With your children? Wife from Phu. He speaks in Nar and wife in Phu. He speaks in Nar with their children.
- 21. Did you receive formal education as a child? In what language? Did you use any other language(s) at school? No formal education.
- 22. How many years (what levels) of formal education did you receive, and where?
- 23. What is your current occupation? What language(s) do you use at work? Are these different than the languages you use at home/with family/in domestic environments? Agriculture, Sheep herding and retired postman.

## **Subjective Contemporary**

24. In which village in Manang is Manange spoken regularly? Pisang, Ngawal (Upper Manang).

25. In which village in Manang is Nar-Phu spoken regularly? Nar-phu in Nar and Phu. There are some speakers in Ngawal, Braga, Pisang.

26. In which village in Manang is Gurung spoken regularly? Lower Manang.

- 27. In which village in Manang is Gyalsumdo spoken regularly? Chame, Dharapani, Thonce.
- 28. In which village in Manang is Tibetan spoken regularly? He does not know.
- 29. In which village in Manang is Nepali spoken regularly? No response.
- 30. In which village in Manang do people speak exactly like you?
- 31. In your opinion, in which villages is your own mother tongue spoken most purely?
- 32. In which village in Manang do people speak just a little bit differently from you?

33. If somebody wants to learn your mother tongue, which village would be the best location for them to learn?

34. If you meet someone from Nar village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her?

35. If you meet someone from Phu village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her?

36. If you meet someone from Manang village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? He understands and replies.

37. If you meet someone from Braga village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? He understands and replies.

38. If you meet someone from Ngawal village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? He understands and replies.

39. If you meet someone from Ghyaru village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? He understands and replies.

40. If you meet someone from Khangsar village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? He understands and replies.

41. If you meet someone from Pisang village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? He understands and replies.

42. If you meet someone from Chame village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands and can reply.

43. If you meet someone from Tal village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands.

44. If you meet someone from Nace village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands.

45. If you meet someone from Thancowk village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands.

46. If you meet someone from Otargaun village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands.

47. If you meet someone from Thonce village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands and can reply.

48. If you meet someone from Tace village for the first time and s/he speaks his/her own mother tongue, how well do you understand him/her? Understands.

49. In addition to your own mother tongue, which of these local and national/international languages can you speak and how well?

Fluently: Very well: Somewhat: Phu, Gurung, Manange, Gyalsumdo Not at all: English, Tibetan 50. In addition to your mother tongue, which language do you speak with other people who also speak your mother tongue? Nar with elder people and some Nepali with young people.

51. Currently in almost all Manang schools, teaching languages is Nepali. Would the use of (Manang, Nar-Phu, Gurung, Gyalsumdo) in your local school help or hurt children? Nepali is okay.

52. Should local languages be an optional or compulsory subject? Compulsory. Currently not practical without text books.

53. If you want to get ahead financially, how useful is language (Manange, Nar-Phu, Gurung, Gyalsumdo, Tibetan, Nepali, English) Not useful.

54. In your opinion, these local languages (Manange, Gurung, Nar-Phu, Gyalsumdo, Tibetan, Nepali, English) will still have children learners? They will speak if they stay in village.

55. What can, or should, people do to keep (Manange, Nar-Phu, Gurung, Gyalsumdo) spoken? They should be taught.

56. (Manange, Gurung, Nar-Phu, Gyalsumdo, Tibetan, Nepali, English) is important for education Strongly agree.

57. (Manange, Gurung, Nar-Phu, Gyalsumdo, Tibetan, Nepali, English) is important for your culture Strongly agree.

58. Should Nepal have only one language for formal use? Disagree.

59. Should children in your community be made (to force) to learn local language? Strongly agree.

60. Children should be able to decide which language they want to learn Disagree.

61. How do you feel about these questions? Good.

62. In your opinion, is there only one language throughout all of Manang District, or are there several languages in Manang? A bit different.